WATER MAIN:

1. Water main shall be Ductile Iron or Moleculary Oriented Polyvinyl Chloride (PVCO).
   a) Ductile Iron water main shall be Class 52 conforming to ANSI/AWWA C151/A21.51-09.
   b) Gaskets and cast iron fittings shall conform to ANSI/AWWA C111/A21.11 and
      ANSI/AWWA C110/A21.10 respectively.
   c) PVCO - See City Detail UW-12 and UW-13.

2. Thrust blocking or Mega-Lug or pre-approved equal shall be installed on water mains at all bending, tees, elbows, etc. except as noted below.

3. Thrust block not permitted with 45 degree vertical bends in water main (these shall be restrained with Mega-Lug or pre-approved equal).

4. When specified, ductile iron pipe shall be encased in polyethylene and shall conform with ANSI/AWWA C105/A21.10 - 10 and ASTM A674-10.

5. Minimum cover from finished grade to top of water main shall be six (6) feet; maximum cover shall be eight (8) feet.


7. All water mains shall be subjected to a pressure test and a separate leakage test at system pressure for 24 hours by the Contractor. Hydrostatic pressure test and leakage test shall be based on 125 PSI for two (2) hours. Water mains shall be chlorinated in accordance with the Standard Specifications.

8. The Underground Contractor shall consider incidental to the contract any chlorination and testing of existing water main where connections to and conclusion of such mains is indicated on the drawing.

PAVING:

1. All subgrades and bases shall be pressure rolled and approved by the Engineering Division prior to base or binder installation.

2. Subgrade and proposed pavements shall be finished by the Excavation Contractor to within 0.1 foot plus or minus, of plan elevation.

3. The Paving Contractor shall ensure that the subgrade has been properly prepared and that the finished top of subgrade elevation has been graded within the tolerances allowed in these specifications. Unless the Paving Contractor advises the owner and engineer in writing prior to final grading for base course construction, it is understood that the Contractor has approved and accepts responsibility for the subgrade.

4. For the purpose of providing handicap accessibility and complying with the American Disability Act and City Standards, curbs shall be depressed at locations where public walks or pedestrian paths intersect curb lines at street intersections and other locations as directed.

5. ¾ inch thick premolded fiber expansion joints with two (2) No. 4 plain round steel dowel bars shall be installed at designated intervals and at all P.C., P.T., curb returns and at the end of each pour. Alternate ends of the dowel bars shall be greased and fitted with metal expansion tubes.

6. ¾ inch thick fiber expansion joints shall be used in every case where the sidewalk coincides with the curb and gutter. Contraction joints shall be saw cut at designated intervals in the curb. The cost of these joints shall be considered as incidental to the cost of the contract.

7. All poured in place concrete curb and gutter shall incorporate two (2) No. 4 reinforcing bars installed wherever the curb and gutter crosses utility service lines, the cost of which shall be considered incidental to the cost of concrete curb and gutter.

8. Sidewalks (where required) shall be of the thickness and dimensions as shown in the construction plans. All sidewalk concrete shall be a minimum of 6.1 bag mix (or IDOT class S1 concrete) and shall develop a minimum of 3,500 psi compressive strength at fourteen (14) days. Contraction joints shall be set at five (5) foot centers, and one-half inch (½ inch) premolded fiber expansion joints at fifty (50) foot centers and where the sidewalk meets the curb or another sidewalk, or at the end of each pour. All sidewalks constructed over utility trenches and/or doubling driveway apron shall be reinforced with three (3) No. 4 reinforcing bars (10 foot minimum length).